History Long Term Curriculum 2024

	Key substantive concepts											
Civilisation	Invasion, settlement and migration	Religion & Beliefs	Power & Rule	Trade	Legacy							
The impact of civilizations on people's lives: social and cultural	The importance of motivation & the evolution of settlements	The importance of religion to people	The impact of rule on societies	The importance of trade in the development of civilisations and as a motivation for migration/exploration/inv asion	How history matters in our world							

	Key Substantive									
	Knowledge Th	emes yr 1-6	KEQ: Key enqu	iry question						
	Trade	Legacy								
	Invasion, settlement & migration	Civilisation (social & cultural)			Dis	ciplinary Knowledge				
	Beliefs & Religion	Power & Rule	Chronological awareness: all units have specific links to this	Change & Continuity	Cause & Consequence	Similarity & Difference	Handling Evidence	Historical Interpretatio ns	Historical Significance	
	Topic									
nurser y	EYFS: ALL TOP	YFS: ALL TOPICS START VITH 'KNOWN' History, ome, school, local area,								
	Colours		Х	Х		Х				
	Festivals and Celebrations		х	х		х				

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	Travel and Transport	х	х		x		
	Growing	х	х		x		
	Animals	x	х		х		
	Change	х	х		х		
recepti on							
	Amazing me and my Community	х	х		х		
	Celebrations and Festivals	х	х	х	х		
	Our Wonderful World	х	х		х		
	Growing	х	х		х		
	Animals	х	х	х	х		
	Our Universe	х	х	х	х		

Yr 1 Au	My Family History	Living memory	How much have I changed since I was born?		How different was a day at school for my gran to my school day?Ci	What was gran's home like? Ci Consider country of home and introduce aspect of migration for some families.	What life was like when my gran was young?KEQ	Which toys did my gran have , that we still play with today? L
Yr1 SP	Greatest Explorers	x		What is an explorer and why do people want to explore?L	How similar and different were Sunita Williams, Captain Cook and Ibn Battuta?L	Who were the greatest explorers?		What makes a great explorer great? KEQ L
Yr1 Su	Great Inventions: Transport	х	How did the railways change Britain?	Why did the wheel change how people travelled? L	How do modern planes differ to those in the past? L	What would it have been like on the day of the Rainhill Trials competition?		How did the first flight change the world? KEQ L Why were the Rainhill Trials so important? L
Yr 2 Au	The Great Fire of London	beyond living memory Reign of King Charles II	What stayed the same in London after the Great Fire? Ci	Why did the Great Fire of London spread so quickly? P&R Ci		How do we know what life was like in the city of London in 1666?	Was it the fault of King Charles II or Thomas Bludworth that the fire	What were the lasting consequence s of the fire?

						Ci	spread so quickly? P&R	
Yr2 SP	Holidays Now and then 1950s- 2024	х	How has Blackpool Pleasure beach changed since the 1950s?	Why did families from Manchester want to go Blackpool for holidays?Ci	What holiday activities are the same now as they were in the past? L KEQ	How do the photos and postcards help us compare Blackpool then and now? CI		How have planes changed our holidays?
Yr2 Su	Local study : The Industrial Revolution	Reign of Queen Victoria	How did the Industrial revolution change Manchester? KEQ Ci L T	Why did primary school age children stop working in the mills in 1880?	How did children's entertainmen t at Lyme Park differ to life in the slums? CI	How does Styal Mill help us understand what life was like for an apprentice?		Why was Dr Barnardo so significant ? L
Yr 3 Au	The Stone Age	X	How much change was there in the Stone Age? CI T	Why did Neolithic people build monuments, how important were they to their beliefs? B&R What was a nomadic life like and why did people		How did people live in Skara Brae during the Stone Age?P&R		Was significant progress made in the Stone Age? KEQ L CI T

Yr3SP	The Bronze Age & Iron Age	X	How did bronze and iron change Britain?P&R ISM T	move around? ISM Why was Stonehenge built? B&R Why did people become farmers? T	How did leisure differ from the Stone Age? CI		Which was more impressive – the Bronze age or the Iron Age and why? Ci	What was the significance of iron? L P&R ISM
Yr 3Su	Local History: preserving our locality	X	Bradford pit: How did the pit change our area? CI T	Why did Gorton Monastery and Victoria Baths become listed buildings? P&R CI		How did local people live during the 1900s? CI (Monks v miners) and how important was religion in bringing them together?	Should all historic buildings be preserved and why do people have different views? CI	Which buildings in our locality are significant and why?KEQ L
Yr 4Au	Ancient Egyptians	X	Why did Ancient Egyptian civilisation last for so long? KEQ Ci T ISM	How did the Nile impact on farming and trade? Ci T	How different was life like for a slave and a pharaoh? Ci	What do the contents of Tutankhamen 's tomb tell us about the King's life?		How are the religious beliefs of Ancient Egypt similar to those of Ancient Greece?? L

Yr4 SP	Roman Britain	X	When did the Romans invade and why?ISM T	How did the Romans influence the culture of the people already there?Ci	How different was life in Britain after the Romans left? ISM T Ci	What did the Roman museum visit tell us about the life of a centurion and the importance of religion to their everyday life? B&R P&R CI	Why is Queen Boudicca remembered in different ways? P&R What did the makers of Horrible Histories: The Movie – Rotten Romans and Ben Hur want us to think about the Romans?	?Which Roman achievement has influenced life most today?KEQ L
Yr 4Su	Crime and punishment from Anglo Saxons-present Link to ALL British Values,	X	What is the story of crime and punishment? KEQ P&R	Why did punishments change from 1066?	What is the same and what is different between policemen in 1829 and 2024? P&R	What do the artefacts tell us about how a law enforcer may have changed over time?P&R		Why have people's attitudes towards the suffragettes changed? L
Yr 5 Au	Anglo Saxons	X	Why did tribes invade and settle on others' land? ISM T		How different was Anglo Saxon religion to Roman religion? B&R	Who was buried at Sutton Hoo? ISM CI	Was the Anglo-Saxon period really a Dark Age? KEQP&R ISM CI	What is the legacy of Anglo Saxon's conversion to Christianity?

Yr5 SP	Vikings	x	How did the Vikings change Anglo Saxon England? P&R ISM T	Were Viking people pushed or pulled from Scandinavia? What motivated the Viking to explore the wider world?	How civilised were Viking Jorvik and Baghdad in A.D. 900?		Who were the Vikings?	Who were the most significant people to invade Britain and why? KEQ LISM
Yr 5 Su	Journeys Link to British Values	Have journeys over time become more or less dangerous? ISM	What makes people go on a journey?P&R	Why did people from the Caribbean come to Britain on the Empire Windrush in 1948? P&R ISM			Why are there so many different interpretations of peoples' journeys?IS	What is the legacy of journeys, such as the Empire Windrush and Kindertransp ort on the UK today? KEQ L
Yr 6 Au	The Maya Civilization	X	Why did the Maya have so many Gods?B&R	What was the impact of religion on Mayan society? B&R P&R	Did the Maya play football like us? Ci	What can a buried village tell us about the Maya?	What caused the decline of the Mayan civilisation and which interpretation do you think is correct? Ci	What is the significance of Mayan society today? L Ci KEQ

Yr6 SP	Ancient Greeks	X	How did Greek ideas outlast the ancient Greeks? Ci	Why did Greek culture spread so far? ISM Ci T	How similar was life in Ancient Greece and in the Roman Empire? KEQP&R B&R Ci T	What can Greek artefacts and art tell us about life in Ancient Greece? Ci T	How free were people in Ancient Athens and Sparta?P&R	What is the legacy of the Ancient Greeks on modern Britain? P&R
Yr6 Su	The Impact of War: Link to British Values	X	How did WW2 change women's lives? P&R Ci	What was the impact of the war on child refugees? (Unicef & Kindertraspor t) B&R ISM P&R		Why is it difficult to prove that there was a 'Blitz spirit' in Manchester during the Second World War?	What do historical sources tell us about life in Manchester in WW2 ISM	Was the Battle of Britain a significant turning point during the Second World War? KEQ L P&R ISM

Expectations for end of phase / year:

End of KS1

tell and re-tell a story

have some grasp of the feelings of others and simple motives, and make comments about the actions and thoughts of others

draw some simple conclusions about sources, such as what an artefact was used for

ask as well as answer simple historical questions

recognise similarities and differences such as here/there and then/now involving situations, people and events

use referencing skills – to find information in topic books or a source

distinguish photographs from pictures

observe details in pictorial sources produce personal/family timelines showing four-to-five key events in a relationship

sequence three-to-four events in a story

produce simple family trees

use time words.

End of yr 3

Spotting broad differences in time such as then/now; before/after.

Spotting broad differences in place such as here/there and them/us.

Observing quite small details in sources – written, pictorial and artefacts.

Producing family trees.

Drawing some conclusions about sources.

Distinguishing differences in sources such as between a picture and a photograph.

Gathering information from two or three sources.

Grasping the essentials of a whole story, including the significant events and personalities.

Understanding why somebody may have wanted to do something.

Understanding what may have happened as a result of an event or action.

Sequencing five or six objects.

End of yr 4

Some grasp of more complex time terms such as ancient, modern.

Detecting continuity.

Producing timelines.

Sequencing seven or eight objects.

Linking cause and effect.

Offering a reasonable explanation for some events.

Asking a variety of questions.

Simple deductions and inferences.

Arranging and expressing information in short paragraphs.

Making some comparisons across events and periods.

Simple evaluation of some evidence.

Reading and comprehending a range of sources.

End of yr 5

Re-telling a story from the viewpoint of somebody involved.

Using period labels.

Producing and making use of multi-dimensional timelines.

Using timescales when referring to changes.

Using new time terms, e.g. contemporary.

Matching dates to people and events.

Grasping different types of change and how the change has taken place.

Using the language of probability when offering reasons and results.

Explaining a strange attitude or decision that somebody has made.

Showing some grasp of the thoughts and feelings of others.

Making inferences about the viewpoints of others.

Identifying more than one cause and effect for actions.

Offering some reasons for different versions of events.

Producing accounts of three or four paragraphs.

Organising and planning displays.

End of yr 6

Grasping that society is more than a series of unrelated activities.

Detecting change and continuity, and commenting on these, e.g. rates of change, types of change, idea of progress and regress.

Expanding usage of dates, periods, eras, including terms such as BC, AD. Sequencing ten objects.

Identifying and applying different causes and effects.

Analysing the motives of individuals and groups.

Explaining the beliefs of others, including some that are conflicting.

Using a range of sources in an investigation.

Linking aspects of history across a period.

Offering comparisons and contrasts across more than one period of history.

Engaging in an independent investigation.

Checking the accuracy of depictions and interpretations.

Producing accounts of four or five paragraphs, including sub-headings.